UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.usplo.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/696,749	10/29/2003	Andrezej Rokicki	P-1183	7550
Scott R. Cox	7590 08/09/2007	EXAMINER		
LYNCH, COX, GILMAN & MAHAN, PSC 500 W. Jefferson Street Suite 2100 Louisville, KY 40202			LAO, MARIALOUISA	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1621	
•			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
•			08/09/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Applicatio	n No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/696,749 ROKICKI ET AL.		ROKICKI ET AL.				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
		M. Louisa I	Lao	1621				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the	cover sheet with the co	orrespondence address				
Period fo		/ IC CET T/		C) OR THIRTY (20) DAVE				
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANS and the may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF TH 36(a). In no ever will apply and will cause the appli	IS COMMUNICATION nt, however, may a reply be tim l expire SIX (6) MONTHS from to cation to become ABANDONED	l. ely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	 •		•				
2a)□	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
3)□								
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Qua	<i>ayl</i> e, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.				
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)🖂	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are pending in the application.							
,	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	i) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
·	Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are rejected.							
•	Claim(s) is/are objected to.		a visa na a nat					
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election re	equirement.	·				
Applicati	on Papers							
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
11)[The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. No	te the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119	•						
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign ☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	priority und	ler 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).				
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	-		ed in this National Stage				
* 0	application from the International Bureau	•	, ,,	d				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
	·	•						
	•							
Attachment			4) Interview Summania	(PTO 413)				
2) Notic								
	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date <u>12/24/2003,01/07/2005</u> .		5) Notice of Informal P	atent Application				

Art Unit: 1621

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 3. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 4. Claims 1-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sarrazin et al. (US5356851, US'851).

Applicant Claims

5. The instant claims are drawn to a process for the selective hydrogenation of acetylene comprising an inorganic support, a palladium metal source and a thallium metal source; with the component attributes and ratios, therein recited.

Determination of the Scope and Content of the Prior Art (MPEP §2141.01)

Art Unit: 1621

6. US`851 teaches a catalyst (see Abstract) for the selective hydrogenation of unsaturated hydrocarbons; where said catalyst contains a group VIII metal deposited on a support previous modified by a group IIIA metal. In column 2, lines 19-21 US`851 teaches the group VIII metal to be, *inter alia*, palladium; lines 25-26: group IIIA to be gallium and indium; lines 30-33, the support chosen, *inter alia*, silica, alumina; and lines 28-32m the molar ratio of group IIIA to group VIII preferably between 0.3 to 2. In column 2, lines 37-40, US`851 teaches that the preferred procedure is the impregnation of the support. In column 3, lines 48-53, US`851 teaches the support can be of different types, specific area, via BET method, preferably between 50 and 500 sq. m/g and total pore volume of 0.2 to 1.3 cc/gm of support. In column 6, Example 6, US`851 exemplifies the process of making the catalyst composition including the process of using it to hydrogenate butadiene to butenes.

Ascertainment of the Difference Between Scope of the Prior Art and the Claims (MPEP §2141.012)

7. US`851 differs from instant claims in the procedural step of preparing the catalyst composition, wherein the group IIIA metal impregnates the inorganic support first; including the group IIIA metal, as thallium; and recitation of a feed stream material.

Finding of Prima Facie Obviousness Rational and Motivation (MPEP §2142-2143)

8. At the time of the invention, one of ordinary skill in the art looking to make a catalyst composition for a selective hydrogenation of unsaturated compounds would have found it *prima* facie obvious to start with the teachings of the cited prior art reference. The teachings of the cited prior art suggests that bimetallic catalyst composition impregnated in an inorganic support has superior activity and selectivity (US`851 column 1 lines30-36) and alternatively embodiments will be recognized by those skilled in the art and are intended to be included within the scope of

Application/Control Number: 10/696,749 Page 4

Art Unit: 1621

will be recognized by those skilled in the art and are intended to be included within the scope of the claims. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to employ alternate preparative steps (i.e. switch the order of impregnation of the group IIIA metal with the group VIII metal) since the activation step that follows this impregnation of both metals renders the creation of the catalyst effectuating to the same resultant catalyst product; including using alternate equivalent group IIIA metals for gallium or indium. The employment of alternative techniques in stepwise addition and equivalent materials is within the purview of artisan through routine experimentation, as compelled by the norm of practice to develop different modes of making a catalyst as dictated by cost and availability and reach a reasonable expectation of success.

- 9. The recitation of weight percentages/ratios, support attributes, catalyst forms, using a furnace under a reducing gas, depths of metal impregnation onto the support are both part of the normal practice of catalyst preparation, as well as, optimization steps that are within the normal undertaking of one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention and would not require any inordinate degree of experimentation.
- 10. Optimizing such processes is *prima facie* obvious because an ordinary artisan would be motivated to use known processes from the art to make the process more efficient or explore economical advantages over the other. Merely modifying the process conditions is not a patentable modification absent a showing of criticality. In re Aller, 220 F.2d 454, 105 U.S.P.Q. 233 (C.C.P.A. 1955).

11. No claims are allowed.

Correspondence

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MLouisa Lao whose telephone number is 571-272-9930. The examiner can normally be reached on Mondays to Thursdays from 8:00am to 8:00pm. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Yvonne Eyler can be reached on 571-272-0871. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or

Art Unit: 1621

proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

'mll08022007 MLouisa Lao Examiner Art Unit 1621

for YVONNE EYLER

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TC1600 GAU 1621